

Material Safety Data Sheet Cover-Sheet – This page provides additional New Zealand specific information for this product and must be read in conjunction with the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) attached

| Product Name:          | Soothe  |
|------------------------|---|
| Manufacturer:          | SDI   |
| SDS Expiry:            | 1 November 2024   |
| Supplier Details:      | Henry Schein New Zealand<br>23 William Pickering Drive, Albany<br>PO Box 101 140, North Shore, Auckland 0745<br>Ph. 0800 808 855<br>www.henryschein.co.nz |
| Emergency Contacts:    | Poisons/Hazardous Chemical Info Centre –<br>0800POISON/0800764766 (24 Hours)<br>Phone 111 for Fire, Ambulance or Police                                   |
| HSNO Class/Category:   | Non-Hazardous   |
| HSNO Group Standard:   | Non-Hazardous   |
| Statements/Pictograms: | As per attached Safety Data Sheet (SDS)   |
| Date Prepared:         | This coversheet was prepared - May 2021   |

This SDS coversheet has been produced by Henry Schein NZ and has been prepared in accordance with NZ EPA advice on making overseas SDS compliant to HSNO Act. The above information is based on the present state of our knowledge of the product at the time of publication. It is given in good faith, no warranty is implied with respect to the quality or the specifications of the product. Users must satisfy that the product is entirely suitable for their purpose. The SDS and this coversheet may be revised from time to time, please ensure you have a current copy.





# SOOTHE SDI Limited

#### Chemwatch: 5198-01

Version No: 6.1.3.1

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements

### SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

#### **Product Identifier**

| Product name                     | SOOTHE         |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Chemical Name                    | Not Applicable |
| Synonyms                         | Not Available  |
| Chemical formula                 | Not Applicable |
| Other means of<br>identification | Not Available  |

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Relevant identified uses | For the desensitising of sensitive teeth. |
|--------------------------|---|
|--------------------------|---|

## Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | SDI Limited                                       |
|-------------------------|---|
| Address                 | 3-15 Brunsdon Street Bayswater VIC 3153 Australia |
| Telephone               | +61 3 8727 7111 (Business Hours)                  |
| Fax                     | +61 3 8727 7222                                   |
| Website                 | www.sdi.com.au                                    |
| Email                   | info@sdi.com.au                                   |

### Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation        | SDI Limited           |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Emergency telephone<br>numbers    | +61 3 8727 7111       |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | ray.cahill@sdi.com.au |

# **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

| Poisons Schedule              | Not Applicable |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Classification <sup>[1]</sup> | Not Applicable |

## Label elements

| Hazard pictogram(s) | Not Applicable |
|---------------------|----------------|
|                     |                |
| Signal word         | Not Applicable |

### Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Issue Date: 01/11/2019 Print Date: 05/05/2021 L.GHS.AUS.EN

#### Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

#### Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

## **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

| CAS No        | %[weight] | Name   |
|---------------|-----------|--|
| Not Available | 100       | Ingredients determined not to be hazardous   |
| Legend:       | · · ·     | 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 -<br>awn from C&L * EU IOELVs available |

### **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

#### Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact  | <ul> <li>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</li> <li>Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul> |
|--------------|---|
| Skin Contact | <ul> <li>If skin or hair contact occurs:</li> <li>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>  |
| Inhalation   | <ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>   |
| Ingestion    | Seek medical attention.   |

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

- Water spray or fog.
- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.

### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| Fire Incompatibility | None known. |
|----------------------|-------------|
|----------------------|-------------|

#### Advice for firefighters

| Fire Fighting | <ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.</li> <li>DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> <li>Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.</li> </ul> |
|---------------|--|

| Fire/Explosion Hazard | <ul> <li>Combustible.</li> <li>Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.</li> <li>Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.</li> <li>On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).</li> <li>May emit acrid smoke.</li> <li>Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive.</li> <li>Decomposes on heating and produces:<br/>carbon dioxide (CO2)</li> </ul> |
|-----------------------|--|
| HAZCHEM               | Not Applicable   |

## **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor Spills | <ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles.</li> <li>Trowel up/scrape up.</li> <li>Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealed container.</li> <li>Flush spill area with water.</li> </ul>   |
|--------------|--|
| Major Spills | <ul> <li>Moderate hazard.</li> <li>Clear area of personnel and move upwind.</li> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li> <li>Stop leak if safe to do so.</li> <li>Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.</li> <li>Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.</li> <li>Neutralise/decontaminate residue (see Section 13 for specific agent).</li> <li>Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.</li> <li>Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.</li> <li>After clean up operations, decontaminate and launder all protective clothing and equipment before storing and re-using.</li> <li>If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.</li> </ul> |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

# **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

### Precautions for safe handling

| Other information | Store between 10 and 25 deg. C.<br>Store in a dry and well ventilated-area, away from heat and sunlight.<br><b>Do not</b> store in direct sunlight.   |
|-------------------|---|
| Safe handling     | <ul> <li>Limit all unnecessary personal contact.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Avoid contact with incompatible materials.</li> <li>When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.</li> <li>Avoid physical damage to containers.</li> <li>Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.</li> <li>Work clothes should be laundered separately.</li> <li>Use good occupational work practice.</li> <li>Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.</li> <li>Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.</li> </ul> |

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Suitable container      | DO NOT repack. Use containers supplied by manufacturer only. |
|-------------------------|--|
| Storage incompatibility | Avoid strong bases.  |

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#### SOOTHE

# SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

### **Control parameters**

# Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

# Emergency Limits

| Ingredient | TEEL-1        | TEEL-2        |               | TEEL-3        |
|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| SOOTHE     | Not Available | Not Available |               | Not Available |
|            |               |               |               |               |
| Ingredient | Original IDLH |               | Revised IDLH  |               |
| SOOTHE     | Not Available |               | Not Available |               |

## MATERIAL DATA

#### Exposure controls

|                                     | Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed<br>engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to<br>provide this high level of protection.<br>The basic types of engineering controls are:<br>Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.<br>Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation<br>that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if<br>designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use.<br>Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.<br>General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. If risk of overexposure exists, wear SAA approved respirator.<br>Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection. Provide adequate ventilation in warehouse or closed storage areas. Air<br>contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which, in turn, determine the "capture velocities" of<br>fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant. |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                                     | Type of Contaminant:   |  | Air Speed:   |  |
|                                     | solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (   | 0.25-0.5 m/s<br>(50-100 f/min)   |  |  |
|                                     | aerosols, fumes from pouring operations, intermittent cont<br>welding, spray drift, plating acid fumes, pickling (released<br>generation)  | 0.5-1 m/s<br>(100-200 f/min.)  |  |  |
| Appropriate engineering<br>controls | direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling,<br>discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)   | 1-2.5 m/s<br>(200-500 f/min)   |  |  |
|                                     | grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel ge velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).  | 2.5-10 m/s<br>(500-2000 f/min.)  |  |  |
|                                     | Within each range the appropriate value depends on:  |  |  |  |
|                                     | Lower end of the range   | Upper end of the range   |  |  |
|                                     | 1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture  | 1: Disturbing room air currents  |  |  |
|                                     | 2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only  | 2: Contaminants of high toxicity   |  |  |
|                                     | 3: Intermittent, low production.   | 3: High production, heavy use  |  |  |
|                                     | 4: Large hood or large air mass in motion  | 4: Small hood - local control only   |  |  |
|                                     | Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distant<br>generally decreases with the square of distance from the ex-<br>extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after refere<br>the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2<br>meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical of<br>apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are   | traction point (in simple cases). Therefore the<br>nce to distance from the contaminating source<br>m/s (200-400 f/min.) for extraction of solvents<br>considerations, producing performance deficit | e air speed at the<br>e. The air velocity at<br>s generated in a tank 2<br>s within the extraction |  |

Personal protection



installed or used.

| Eye and face protection | <ul> <li>Safety glasses with side shields</li> <li>Chemical goggles.</li> <li>Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]</li> </ul> |
|-------------------------|--|
| Skin protection         | See Hand protection below  |
| Hands/feet protection   | <ul> <li>Rubber Gloves</li> <li>Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.</li> <li>Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber</li> </ul>  |
| Body protection         | See Other protection below   |
| Other protection        | No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.<br><b>OTHERWISE:</b><br>• Overalls.<br>• Barrier cream.<br>• Eyewash unit.   |

# **SECTION 9** Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance                                      | Clear gel with spearmint odour, mixes with water. |  |                |
|---|---|--|----------------|
|   |   |  |                |
| Physical state                                  | Gel   | Relative density (Water= 1)                | 1.0            |
| Odour   | Not Available                                     | Partition coefficient<br>n-octanol / water | Not Available  |
| Odour threshold                                 | Not Available                                     | Auto-ignition temperature<br>(°C)          | Not Available  |
| pH (as supplied)                                | 7.0   | Decomposition<br>temperature               | Not Available  |
| Melting point / freezing<br>point (°C)          | Not Available                                     | Viscosity (cSt)                            | Not Available  |
| Initial boiling point and<br>boiling range (°C) | Not Available                                     | Molecular weight (g/mol)                   | Not Applicable |
| Flash point (°C)                                | Not Available                                     | Taste                                      | Not Available  |
| Evaporation rate                                | Not Available                                     | Explosive properties                       | Not Available  |
| Flammability                                    | Not Available                                     | Oxidising properties                       | Not Available  |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%)                       | Not Available                                     | Surface Tension (dyn/cm<br>or mN/m)        | Not Available  |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%)                       | Not Available                                     | Volatile Component (%vol)                  | Not Available  |
| Vapour pressure (kPa)                           | Not Available                                     | Gas group                                  | Not Available  |
| Solubility in water                             | Miscible  | pH as a solution (1%)                      | Not Available  |
| Vapour density (Air = 1)                        | Not Available                                     | VOC g/L                                    | Not Available  |

# **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

| Reactivity                         | See section 7   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability                 | Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7   |
| Conditions to avoid                | See section 7   |
| Incompatible materials             | See section 7   |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | See section 5   |

# **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

| Inhaled      | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.   |               |  |
|--------------|---|---------------|--|
| Ingestion    | The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because<br>of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. The material may still be damaging to the health of the individual,<br>following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g liver, kidney) damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or<br>toxic substances are generally based on doses producing mortality rather than those producing morbidity (disease, ill-health).<br>Gastrointestinal tract discomfort may produce nausea and vomiting. In an occupational setting however, ingestion of insignificant<br>quantities is not thought to be cause for concern. |               |  |
| Skin Contact | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.   |               |  |
| Eye          | Limited evidence exists, or practical experience suggests, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or is expected to produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals. Repeated or prolonged eye contact may cause inflammation characterised by temporary redness (similar to windburn) of the conjunctiva (conjunctivitis); temporary impairment of vision and/or other transient eye damage/ulceration may occur.   |               |  |
| Chronic      | Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.  |               |  |
|              |   |               |  |
| COOTUE       | TOXICITY  | IRRITATION    |  |
| SOOTHE       | Not Available   | Not Available |  |

 Legend:
 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.\* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS.

 Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

| Acute Toxicity  | × | Carcinogenicity          | × |
|---|---|--------------------------|---|
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion   | × | Reproductivity           | × |
| Serious Eye<br>Damage/Irritation  | × | STOT - Single Exposure   | × |
| Respiratory or Skin<br>sensitisation  | × | STOT - Repeated Exposure | × |
| Mutagenicity  | × | Aspiration Hazard        | × |
| Legend: X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification<br>→ − Data available to make classification |   |                          |   |

# SECTION 12 Ecological information

#### Toxicity

|         | Endpoint  | Test Duration (hr) | Species       | Value            | Source           |
|---------|---|--------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| SOOTHE  | Not<br>Available  | Not Available      | Not Available | Not<br>Available | Not<br>Available |
| Legend: | Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxici<br>3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5.<br>ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data<br>Vendor Data |                    |               |                  |                  |

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

### Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil               | Persistence: Air                      |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|            | No Data available for all ingredients | No Data available for all ingredients |  |

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation                       |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|            | No Data available for all ingredients |  |

Issue Date: 01/11/2019 Print Date: 05/05/2021

| Ingredient | Mobility                              |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|            | No Data available for all ingredients |  |

## **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

| Waste treatment methods |  |
|-------------------------|--|
|                         | Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.<br>Bury residue in an authorised landfill. |

## **SECTION 14 Transport information**

#### Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant | NO             |
|------------------|----------------|
| HAZCHEM          | Not Applicable |

## Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

### Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

#### Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

### Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| luct name Grou |  |
|----------------|--|
|----------------|--|

### Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

|  | Product name | Ship Type |
|--|--------------|-----------|
|--|--------------|-----------|

### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

## Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **National Inventory Status**

| National Inventory                                 | Status  |  |
|--|---|--|
| Australia - AIIC / Australia<br>Non-Industrial Use | Not Available   |  |
| Canada - DSL                                       | Not Available   |  |
| Canada - NDSL                                      | Not Available   |  |
| China - IECSC                                      | Not Available   |  |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS /<br>NLP                   | Not Available   |  |
| Japan - ENCS                                       | Not Available   |  |
| Korea - KECI                                       | Not Available   |  |
| New Zealand - NZIoC                                | Not Available   |  |
| Philippines - PICCS                                | Not Available   |  |
| USA - TSCA   | Not Available   |  |
| Taiwan - TCSI                                      | Not Available   |  |
| Mexico - INSQ                                      | Not Available   |  |
| Vietnam - NCI                                      | Not Available   |  |
| Russia - FBEPH                                     | Not Available   |  |
| Legend:  | Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory<br>No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients<br>in brackets) |  |

# **SECTION 16 Other information**

| Revision Date | 01/11/2019 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date  | 16/11/2015 |

# **SDS Version Summary**

| Version | Date of Update | Sections Updated   |
|---------|----------------|--|
| 5.1.1.1 | 18/03/2016     | Storage (suitable container)   |
| 6.1.1.1 | 01/11/2019     | One-off system update. NOTE: This may or may not change the GHS classification |
| 6.1.2.1 | 26/04/2021     | Regulation Change  |
| 6.1.3.1 | 03/05/2021     | Regulation Change  |

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

#### **Definitions and abbreviations**

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。 IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations ES: Exposure Standard OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals DSL: Domestic Substances List NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances NLP: No-Longer Polymers ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas NCI: National Chemical Inventory FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances This document is copyright.

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